They met behind closed doors. A full discussion of the ticket and the platform was ex-pected, and as it was feared that something might be said that would hurt somebody's feel-ings, the reporters were excluded. Speeches were made by a dozen or more of the gentlemen present. The principal arguments in opposition to the endorsement of the ticket were advanced by R. Fulton Cutting, James W. Prvor. and L. J. Callanan, who, with H. R. Kunhardt, finally voted not to endorse the fusion. On the other side speeches were made by Gen. Horace Porter, Charles S. Fairchild, Mr. Hewelt, Ar-thur von Briesen, Charles Stewart Smith, and Mr. Rhoades. Gen. Porter said among other thours.

thur you Briesen, Charles Stewart Smith, and Mr. Ithoades. Gen. Forter said among other things:

"This is not what we would call an ideal ticket. I never saw an ideal ticket in politics. You never can select men who will size up to the proper dimensions of what we would call ideal candidates. We all have to read newspapers evey day, but you cannot have a newspapers evey day, but you cannot have a newspaper edited properly, particularly if you edit it yourself. There is nobody that can ever get a ticket that is absolutely suitable even to him, if he names the candidates himself. There would be circumstances to arise afterward that he knew nothing of to make him change his mind. We have very little istitude, very little choice. We are a little more than within twenty-four hours of the time in which we have to file the legal notice; we are within a very few weeks of this election, and we have a great deal to do in that time, One thing is certain. If we do not unite at once upon a fusion ticket, it will mean certainly the return to power of Tammany Hall. It means nothing else. I believe that if Tammany liall by any means can be kept out of power one year longer, with the loss of its revenues, not having its great pay rolls, not having its patronage, that it will be so much more demoralized than it is to-day that it will not return to power while any of a lives in this community; but if by our mistake it is returned to power, I see very little hope of ousting it during our life time. Every man here could name a better ticket, I have no doubt; but I think the most we can do is to give our loyal support here, and I hope we can be unanimous after the splendid work that has been done by this Executive Committee of our own creation. [Applause.]

Ex-Mayor Hewitt was called on to answer the srgument of the Goo Goos. He did so as follows:

"The real question and the only question is as

srgument of the Goo Goos. He did so as follows:

"The real question and the only question is as to whether Tammany Hall is to govern this city or not. That issue is not new. Seven or eight years ago it was made in my own person. I was a Tammany Hall candidate and I was elected on the Tammany Hall tacket as Mayor. I have no reason to entertain any affection for the gentlemen who managed the Republican canvass or who controlled the Republican committees. The put a candidate in the field against me the first time I ran, and then after I had been compelled to do what I could to scuttle the Tammany ship and was running, not by my own desires, but against my inclinations, the econd time, the Republican party put a candidate in nomination that restored Tammany Hall to power. I have, therefore, no reason to speak well of the Republican party or the Republican organization of this city, I thought then that their conduct was scandalous, absolutely indepensible. I did not hesitate to say so, and I repeat it now.

"I put this so, strongly, because if the issue

peat it now.

"I put this so strongly, because if the issue to-day were between a solid Republican ticket without a single reformer or Democrat on it and a Tammany Hall ticket, with the best men that they can find it was going to say a man as good as I am, because I went on the ticket unshat they can find it was going to say a man as good as I am, because I went on the ticket unuer that guarantee, and there were gentlemen who did not vote for me because I was running en a Tammany ticket. Many of my best personal friends said they would not vote for me, My own clergyman denounced me from the publit because I was running on a Tammany ticket, although he afterward got on his knees and said he was sorry for what he had sone now, if the issue were presented to this community as between a Republican ticket nominated by Boss Platt, who is to me just as objectionable as Hoss Croker, I should fote for the Republican ticket rather than have Tammany Hall restored to nower. Lapplause, Now this ticket is not an ideal ticket, but it is a great deal better ticket than any solid Republican ticket. If, therefore, we should take a dose as bitter as a solid Republican ticket, why do we besitate to take one which is at least decent and respectable when the issue on the other side will be the restoration of these thickers plun. great deal better licket than any solid Republican licket. If. therefore, we should take a dose as bitter as a solid Republican ticket, why do we hesitate to take one which is at least decent and respectable when the issue on the other side will be the restoration of these thieves, plunderers, and blackmailers to power? [Applause.] "I cordially sympathise with Mr. Cutting and Mr. Pryor in what they have said. They know perfectly well that I was as anxious as they were to have the Good Government clubs organized. I respect the motives of the Good Government clubs. It seems to me their function is educational; that they are to teach this community the duties which pertain to citizenship; that they are to bring their great power and their personal inducate to bear in every campaign in order to get the best men put in office that can be secured. And here let me say that I have much more faith in men than I have in politics. Put a good and honest man in office, either on the Tammany ticket or on the Republican ticket, and he will probably do his duty to the community. If he is an able man he will do it in politics has been always never to vote for a bad man no matter by whom nominated, and always to vote for a good man if I can find him on any ticket. [Applause]. The Good Government Clubs can perform that duty. I think they can hold the balance of power in this community. I think they can defeat bad men and secure the election of good men as a rule in the community. But on this occasion when, as Gen. Porter has said, the question is not the success of the Republican party but the restoration of Tammany Hali to power when it is in artrants mortis; it is a dying organization to-day, but the head of the serpent has not yet been erushed, and reluctant as I am to see the Chamber of Commerce mixing with politics of any kind, unwilling as I am to support any organization which is under the malign influence of the Republican organization to-day, yet they have yielded something to the just demands of the public, and we ought

Amen necessary."

Mr. Rhondes went on to say that the Fifty will not emulate the action of the Seventy hat year and conduct the campaign for the floket.

"It is not a Committee of Fifty ticket," said he. "We will leave the campaign to the political organizations. The committee will lend them all the aid it can."

While the committee was in session a messenger entered Secretary Wilson's office, where the reporters were gathered, and announced in a loud voice:

reporters were gaster.
loud voice:
"Tell Mr. Smith that Dr. Parkhurst can't
"Tell Mr. Smith that Dr. There's no

loud voice:

"Tell Mr. Smith that Dr. Parkhurst can't come. He's going out of town. There's no answer to Mr. Smith's letter."

Mr. Charles Stewart Smith, the Smith referred to, would not discuss Dr. Parkhurst's state of mind. Another member of the committee, however, said:

"This committee was organized as the result of the appeal of Dr. Parkhurst to Mr. Smith to get the people together to defeat Tammany Hall. The committee has done the best it can. Seems to me he ought to abide by the result."

Oswald Ottendorfer stated positively yesterday that he intends to support the fusion ticket. How generally German-American voters would support it he could not attempt to say.

Dr. John Friederich is a Vice-President of the German-American Reform Union and is one of the spokesmen for the United Societies for Liberal Sunday Laws.

"The only course which seems left to the friends of personal liberty," said the Doctor yesterday, "is, in my opinion, to name a ticket of their own, with candidates to run on a broad and liberal platform which shall be more explicit in its demands regarding Sunday legislation than any of the political parties seem to be willing to be." As to the attitude of the I. C. O. Charles Steckler said yesterday that the members of the organization were greatly disampointed, and that he was unable to say what

Charies Steckler said yesterday that the members of the organization were greatly disampointed, and that he was unable to say what the County Convention, which will meet in Cooper Union to-night, will do. He predicted "a surprise or two."

Dr. Parkhurst was not at home to reporters yesterday, and the dozen or more newspaper men who called to see him were met by a determined leaking servant, who held up a card inscribed as follows for their inspection:

"Dr. Parkhurst regrets that he cannot see reporters to-day. He is at this hour preparing to leave the city, not to return until to-morrow."

Some hours after seeing this card a reporter called at the minister's house once more. The Doctor stood at the head of the stairs and called down.

down:
"Pur not going to see any reporters to-day. I have nothing to say for publication."
He made a speech in Brooklyn last night which indicates his state of mind, and which will be found elsewhere.

#### O'Brienites Get Up Another Ticket. The Anti-Tammany Democracy, which is ex-

Sheriff James O'Brien's organization, started the independent ticket boom at its headquarters in the St. Cloud Hotel last night, when its Executive Committee, to which was referred the matter of nominations by the County Convention held last week, presented the following licket, which will be offered for consideration, it is said, to other frozen-out organizations:

'IN SHEPARD WAVERING? Rumors of fits Withdrawsl from th

Brecklyn Mayoralty Eace, There was a rumor abroad in Brooklyn yes-terday to the effect that Edward M. Shepard and been considering the advisability of de clining the Goo Goo nomination for Mayor in view of the hourly defection of his followers t the Grout forces and the ridiculous showing he is sure to make in a triangular race. Charles J. Patterson, however, who is Mr. Shepard's chief sutenant, declared that there was nothing in the story and that Mr. Shepard had determined

to stick to the forlorn ship.

The Republicans, it is said, would really prefer to have a fair stand-up duel with the De morracy for the Mayoralty, believing that Mr. Shepard will be likely to make more toroads in their ranks than in those of the regular De-mocracy. With Wurster and Grout alone in the field, the Shepardite votes, for the most part, would go to the Republican candidate.

the field, the Shepardite votes, for the most part, would go to the Republican candidate. Yesterday the Brooklyn Times, the organ of the true-blue Republicans, made this appeal to Mr. Shepard:

"Mr. Shepard has about an equal cannee of election with the Prohibition candidate, Free-born G. Smith. He may at the best run a few hundred ahead of Matchett, the Socialist candidate. That he will do much better than either of these gentlemen is not believed even by Shepard himself. Therefore, in view of his stand against bossism, Mr. Shepard should withdraw in favor of Mr. Wurster, thus more seriously affecting the Grout vote than his running as an independent Democrat will do."

Mr. Shepard, it is declared, may well be perplexed over the situation he has brought on his own head. He finds that the little army of boiters he has been cementing together for the past three years for the purpose of wreeking the once solid and triumphant Democracy of Kings county is gradually crumbling to pieces and is threatened with complete disintegration. Yesterday Lawyer Rufus L. Scott, Contractor Richard Whalen, and J. J. Conley were among the wise men who jumped over the tumbling Shepardite fences and came find the Grout camp.

The Executive Committee of the Convention of Citizens, grathered, irrespective of party, which favored the selection of Justice Gaynor as the Mayvarily candidate, has now come out enthusiactically for Mr. Grout. Next week, when the nominations have all been made, the Democrate will start the campaign in earnest, with camp fires lighted all over the city, from the old citide of Democracy in Red Hook point to Newtown Creek and the heights of Ridgewood.

While the interest will be centred in the May-

point to Newtown Creek and the heights of Ridgewood.

While the interest will be centred in the Mayoralty fight, no opportunity will be lest to send as large an Assembly and Senate delegation to Albany as possible. There are some surprises pending for the Republicans in the legislative contests, and, in spite of the gerrymandering of the districts, there is well-founded expectations of some Democratic gains. It is thought that Major P. H. McNulty, who has been nominated by the Democrats in the Sixth Senate district, is ineligible, being a member of the Board of Education, and he will probably be withdrawn from the ticket.

REPUBLICAN ALDERMANIC CANDIDATES. The Brooklya Board of Aldermen next year will have twenty-eight members, four from each of the seven Senate districts. These are the Republican candidates who have been put in nomination:

in nomination:

First District—Isaac H. Cary, James Whitlock, Benjamin Boden, Jackson Wallace.

Second District—William H. Leaycraft, David S. Bewart, Samuel Myers, William J. Taylor,

Third Pistrict—J. J. Schlinsser, Samuel E. Thompson,

M. D. Massenger, Fred W. Ringleton.

Fourth Interiot—Joseph P. Reynolds, Michel J. Sims,

Fifth District—Adam H. Leich, William H. Ruggles,

William J. Wassmuth, John F. Olitropes,

Sieth, District—Charles L. Wasner, Philip T. Wil
lams, Louis A. Cohen, W. H. Witers,

Seventh Pistrict—Frank F. Williams, Joseph R.

Clark, Charles J. Hambert, Charles n. Francisco.

The list includes six members of the present The list includes six members of the present Board.

ALTGELD WANTS TO RUN AGAIN. Nomination for 6 overnor.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8 .- Secretary of State Hinrichsen, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, has announced that Gov. Altgeld will be a candidate for reflection. Discussing national politics, Mr. Hinrichsen said he thought the delegates from lifinois to the National Democratic Convention next year will be nstructed to vote for W. R. Morrison for President. He thinks there is a general drift of sen-timent throughout the West and South in favor of Col. Morrison's nomination, and that this sentiment will grow from now until the meet-ing of the Convention.

"It looks at this time," Mr. Hinrichsen said, "as if the fight in the Convention will narrow down to a choice between W. C. Whitney of New York and Col. Morrison, I understand there is some sentiment favorable to Whitney's nomination existing among Chicago Democrate

nomination existing among Chicago Democrat but it does not extend through the State." Assembly Nominations in Kings County. The Democratic, Republican, and Shepardite Assembly Conventions in Kings county were all called for last night, and as there were contests regular Democratic and Republican aspirants the rival politicians had a busy night of it. The Shepardites materialized only in a few instances. Some Conventions were still balloting

at midnight.
These were some of the candidates nominated: These were some of the caucinave nominal Districts. Dens.

1—Thomas Hannigan.
2—John McKeown.
3—Thomas H. Cullen.
4—Stichned J. Firstgatrick. George W. Wilson.
5—Gustav Huseiman.
6—Fred C. Hecker.
7—Adjourned.
7—Adjourned.
8—James Lennon.
Adjourned.
Adjourned.

S-James Lennon.
9-John J. Cain.
9-John J. Cain.
0-W. E. Townsend.
- Charles Ebbett.
- Charles Ebbett.
- John M. Zears.
- Robert J. Rudd.
- U. F. Deininger.
- ernan A. D. Holman.
- chael P. Higgins.
- di Schmid.
- n. Walters. 19—Fred Schmid. 20—John Walters. 21—George U. Forbell.

William S. Perkins.
John Cooper.
Charles I. Lincoln.
Grein I. Forrester.
John A. Schmall.
Martin Schlotter.
E. C. Brennan. George F. Waldo. Adjourned. Frank G. Hughes. Jacob A. Livingston.

The Shepardites nominated John T. Willoughby in the Twelfth, Frank H. Handlen in the Sixteenth, and John Walters in the Twentieth district.

### Assembly Nominations.

The Democrats of Albany county have nominated Assemblymen in the following Albany county districts: First, Henry Dykman of Albany city; Second, Edward Noyes of Albany city: Fourth, Edgar T. Chapman of Colonie. The Prohibitionists of Herkimer county have nominated T. V. Hollis of Ilion for member of

nominated T. V. Hollis of Hion for member of Assembly.

The Democrats of Montgomery county have nominated Frederick Aschoff, Jr., of Amsterdam for member of Assembly.

The Democrats of the First Assembly district of Ulster county have nominated Davis Winne of Shandaken. In the Second district the Democrats have nominated James F. Brown in place of Jr. W. E. Little, resigned.

The Democrats of the First Dutchess county district have nominated William Verplank of Fishkill for the Assembly.

The Republican County Committee of Columbia county has nominated Jacob H. Duniz for member of Assembly to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Henry I. Coons.

The Democrats in the Third Albany district have nominated George T. Kelly for the Assembly.

The Republicans of the Second Assembly dissembly.

The Republicans of the Second Assembly district, Queens county, yesterday nominated Frederick Storm for the Assembly.

Roswell G. Horr-in New Jersey

OHANGE, Oct. 8,-John W. Griggs, the Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey, and Congressman Roswell G. Horr addressed a meeting in East Orange to-night. Mr. Horr assured ing in East Orange to-night. Mr. Horr assured his auditors that New Jersey and Maryland were both going Republican, and that he had hopes of regenerating Kentucky.

"If Kentucky and New Jersey both go Republican," he said, "I think I shall be ready to depart this world in peace. I'll be satisfied to enjoy my angelic robes the next day."

Mr. Grigs made a very short speech. He ignored the race track and the excise questions and spoke principally of ballot-box stuffing and the coal combine, which Attorney-General Stockton effectually crushed out.

### JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Pairick McInerney died yesterday in Hellevue Hos pital of hurns received a week ago Saturday night h Pyle's pearline factory, of which he was watchman. Judge bugro has granted an absolute divorce to Molvena Mahyavitz from Louis Mahyavitz. Judge its Adam has granted Helen behutzberger an absolute llyorce from Tobias Schutzberger. divorce from Tobias Schutzberger.

The trial of John M. Finkbone in the General Sessions for grani larceny in getting cash on a schribos check for \$5.0 drawn on the Hudson litter Benk, and purporting to be signed by J. A. Taylor, was concluded yiesterday with a vertical of guilty.

On account of the absence of Lawver Belos McCurdy, who represents the interests of ex-lock Commissioners of Phelan at the investigation of the doings of the old Board being conducted by the Commissioners of accounts the hearing set for yesterday was adjourned until Friday.

William G. Whesler and John Gest.

Journel until Friday.

William G. Wheeler and John Grey, two of the four men arrested has month for robbling mail boxes and uttering stolen che ks. on which they forged endorsements pleaded guitty resterday in Part III. of the General Sessions. They were remanded until Montay for sentence.

The American Street Bailway Association, which is to have its annual concention in Montay for the first the first the first please of the County Circle—James Offices
for Registe—Otto Kingson.
for Registe—Otto Kingson.
for Registe—Otto Kingson.
for Address of the Sajar me Crast-Augustus S.
flutching, Nyor S. bases and affect blockler.
for dudges of the Court of General Sessions James
for dudges of the Court of General Sessions James
for dudges of the Court of General Sessions James
for Justices of the City Court—Theophilus B. siecle,
Affect T. Ackers, and Alexander Sewburger.

The American Street Baltway Association, which is
to base its annual convention in Montreal on Cet. 15
and 16, has arranged with the Sew York Central fall
resident for a special frame from hew York. It will leave
the framed convention on Cet. 15 at 6 o'clock and
will get to Joint on the for bread fast the next
increme. The radical has made a special rate of
\$15.50 cor the ranged which is one single fare and
one-third.

UNEASY G. O. P. COUNCILS.

FARMER DEPEN DROPS IN TO CONSULT FARMER PLATT.

What Shall They Bo, Now that Parmer Miller's Blue Law Plank is Repudlated at Both Eads of the State I - The Baines Authropometric Ballot Law Growted At, The Hon. Chauncey Mitchell Depew, the Peekskill farmer of the Republican Big was at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday. He went there to talk with the Hon, Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., the farmer from Newburgh; the Hon, Charles W. Hackett, the farmer from Oneida and the Hon. Thomas C. Platt, the farmer from Owego, In Peekskill the farmers raise blast furnaces, Iron foundries, stoves, and brick machines. In Farmer Odell's district they rais tanneries, plaster mills, shippards, and incidentally you hear about the manufacture of flour. In Oneida they raise hay, butter, cheese oats, and hops, especially hops. In Owego they are great on Devonian sandstone, hickory, oak

tially machine-made?

sures your safety.

Will you help us test it—\$7.

English Brass Bedsteads in all the

THOMAS F. KEATING.

Who the Grace-Republican Candidate for

Register Is.

Thomas F. Keating, the Republican-Grac

nominee for Register, was born in Pitteburgh.

Pa., and is 47 years old. For the past twenty-

six years he has been connected in various capacities with the Yale & Towns Manufactur-

THOMAS F. KEATING.

ing Company. For many years as salesman fie

travelled through all sections of the country

and has visited and is familiar with every capi-

tal city in the Union. He is particularly well sequainted with New York State. Mr. Keating

is at present one of the largest stockholders in

Mr. Keating's residence is 317 West Twenty-third atreet. He is a member of the Catholic and Reform clubs, and was one of the founders of the Hardware Club, of which organization he is now Treasurer.

POLICE BOARD ON THE TICKET.

All Will Vote Fusion-Excise Plank Does Police Commissioner Roosevelt was not highly pleased with the excise plank adopted by the Republican County Convention, but he deter-

question whether the local option plank met

that excise plank, I would have had it in differ-

ent form, but we can't have everything we

want here, and I am very glad we have got a

Commissioner Parker said he had not read the Republican local platform, and in any event

did not wish to express an opinion now, as he did not see that it could do any good. But he

GLEASON'S OPPONENT.

Long Island City by the Jeffersontans.

Smith, announcing his withdrawal from the Mayoralty race, was read, and cheered by the adherents of John P. Madden.

Thomas C. Kadlen presented the name of John P. Madden for Mayor. Matthew Smith seconded the nomination. The Informal ballot showed 56 votes for Madden and 44 votes for Benjamin Wingrove. The Convention then made Mr. Madden its choice by acclamation. Mr. Madden, in scepting the nomination, said he would meet Patrick J. Gleason in public debate.

Planters Won't Amilate with Negroes.

to-day, and determined to have nothing what-

ever to do with the old-time or regular Republi

cans on State or local matters, and to confine their Republican politics entirely to national elections, to the vote for President and Con-

gressmen.

They pronounced in favor of the suffrage amendment, disfranchising the negroes, and declared that they favored leaving all political matters exclusively to the white vote. Resolutions were adopted denouncing the Democracy for its tariff policy.

Tammany Assembly Nomination.

Tammany nominated Patrick J. Andrews for the Assembly in the Twenty-sixth district last night.

fusion ticket and a ticket of decent men."

mined to stand by it.

new patterns and styles at

HORNER'S, 61-65 W. 23d St.

Money back for the asking as-

ROGERS PEET & Co

and other hard products. Well, all these Republican farmers had a talk and it was all about the campaign in New York county. These farmers are what the Hon, Chim mie Fadden might call "dead farmers" in their respective country districts, but they can raise a great crop for New York and Brooklyn of all sorts of laws the cities don't want. These farmers have got into a mess over the excise planks adopted by the Republican State Con-

vention and the Republican County Convention. It's the inconsistency of "maintaining" and "modifying" the Sunday law that bothers them. All the other farmers were very much dis-turbed as to how the Republican voters in the country districts, and the church people es-pecially, would regard this inconsistency. In

pecially, would regard this inconsistency. In their talks they said that the church people in the State had been the strongest kind of supporters of the Republican party. Yet here in New York the Republican County Convention insists on a libersi excise law, while Warner Miller's plank is puritanical to the highest degree. At least those were the comments heard at headquarters yesterday.

Just how these farmers are to get over this inconsistency they are not yet aware. But all hands agreed that it was a fine thing not to have a "speaking" caropaign.

Morcover, these farmers in charge of Republican headquarters were very greatly disturbed when they received word that the Republicans of the Fifth Assembly district in Buffalo had taken issue with the Republican State platform as represented by Mr. Miller's ideas, and had adopted on Monday night the following resolutions:

huned by narrow-minded blods and their entercement inalsted upon and known as the "blue laws." therefore, be it Resolved, That we do hereby declare said laws to be contrary to the Constitution of the United States and to be class legislation, directed against law-abiding thousands of our fellow citizens, and to be sulversive of the principles of human liberty, unfair, and opposessive, and we do hereby bledge ourselves and declare, as the sense of this Convention, that our nominees shall be piedged to do their best to secure the repeat of such legislation and to substitute therefor laws which will secure to this community and to others throughout the State the right to declare by popular vote their views upon the Lauor question generally. "Sunday opening" in particular, and enact into law the principle known as local option, whereby the will of the sovereign people can alone be ascertained and folidiled. The Republicans were also disturbed about

The Republicans were also disturbed about another matter. Complaints came in last night up to a late hour concerning the demands made upon voters as to their personal characteristics as required by the new ballot law. This fishnes ballot law was got up for no other purpose than to annoy the votern of New York and Brooklyn, but it turned out, according to the complaints received at the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night, that the Republicans had overreached themselves in this matter and have hit their own voters.

selves in this matter and have hit their own voters.

In New York county the new bailot law requires the man who registers to give a personal description of himself, including his age, height, weight, color of hair, visible marks on his face or other deformities, and the peculiarities of his voice. In Brooklyn the law demands that the proposed voter give his height, weight, color of hair, and "features." The latter chaise concerning Brooklyn gives the widest latitude to the election inspectors.

DEMOCRATS READY TO BEGIN. Lost Nothing, They Think, by Waiting for the Mepublican Lend.

Everything at Democratic State headquarters, 27 Madison avenue, is now ready for work. The gas fixtures were put in last night and all of the rooms have been assigned. Major James W. Hinkley, the Chairman of the State Democratic Committee, is expected to be at headquarters to-day, and it was announced last night that he will then name the Executive Committee and the Chairman of that body.

The Democrats have been somewhat delayed in opening their headquarters, but those who have been watching events say that no harm has been done. Indeed, it was added, benefits have accrued from the delay. The Democrats in command are now fully aware of the features of the Republican campaign, not only in Brooklyn and New York, but elsewhere.

The Democratic campaigners from now on will work unceasingly to bring about the bost results possible. Senator Hill will be absent several days in Ohio during the latter part of the month; but his voice will be heard in the State on a number of occasions. to-day, and it was announced last night that he

DURRANT'S TRIAL

Miss Cunningham Will Not Be Locked Up for Contempt of Court. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 8 .- The court room was crowded to-day when the Durrant case opened as many fancied that the defendant would be placed on the witness stand. The day's proceedings were uneventful, and there were no explosions of temper on the part of counsel for the defence, for Lawyer Deuprey, who furnishes most of the ginger, was sick at home with

The two important events of the day were the discharge of Miss Cunningham, the newspaper reporter who refused to give her authority for a story that worried the defence, and the tangling story that worried the defence, and the tangling up of Witness Lanigan, whom the defence say is the man who tried to pawn a ring with Pawnbroker Oppenhelmer. Judge Murphy, in Miss Cunningham's case, held that the defence could not be hurt or helped busiter refusal to disclose the name of the person who gave her information. As she resolutely declared she would go to jail rather than break her promise, the Judge decided not to commit her. He said he feared to take the responsibility for what at the feared to take the responsibility for what at the worst was merely techical contempt of court.

A number of witnesses were introduced to prove that Durrant was a model Sunday school young man.

A number of witnesses were introduced to prove that Durrant was a model Sunday school young man.

C. T. Lanigan was then called. He had testified that he had tried to pawn a ring with Oppenheimer, and the aim of the detence was to show that he, and not Durrant, was the man the pawnbroker recalled. Lanigan made a good witness for the defence by his evasions and contradictions. He denied that he had shaved off his moustache since Durrant's arrest, though the defence have witnesses who will show this. He also gave testimony about attempting to pawn the ring which differs radically from an account of this transaction which he wrote to a friend, and which the defence possess. In general appearance he might easily be mistaken for Durrant, and his contradictions aided the defence in still further clouding the case.

It was evident from the counsels' handling of Lanigan that the defence hote to so cloud the main facts of the case that some of the jurors will refuse to convict. This seems to be their only hope, for they have failed to present any positive evidence. To-morrow afternoon it is expected Durrant will appear on the witness stand.

Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, 2005 CINCINNATI, Oct. 8.—The first annual meeting of the stockholders of the new Cincinnati Hamilton and Dayton Hallroad Company took place in this city to-day. The old stock has not all been exchanged for new. A total of 89,258 shares was represented. The directors chosen at the time of the consolidation were reflected.

## Dangers Lurk

In decaying vegetation and in the malar. breeding beds of dried up rivers and ponds. There is need to guard well the health at this season to prevent attacks of disease. Keep the blood pure, the appetite and digestion good and the physical strength unimpaired. Hood's Sarsaparilla is exactly adapted for these purposes. It purifies the blood, builds up the nerves and austains the general health as nothing else can do

### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the one True Blood Purifier. Hood's Pills Hood's Sarenperilla Noc. NEW STYLE REGISTRATION.

QUESTIONS ASKED FOTERS UNDER THE BAINES ELECTION LAW.

They Must Tell Their Height, Weight, Color of Their Hair and Eyes, and Spec-ify Physical Deformities, if They Have Any-Dr. Bepew Gave His Weighton 183. The people of this city and the officers of registration had their first experience vesterday with the Election law which was passed by the

last Legislature. The new law, which was fathered by State Senator John Raines, is as full of traps for the unsuspecting voter as a nut s full of meat. There was probably more swearing done yes

terday by those who registered than has ever Does a hand-made shoe give occurred on any pravious registration day. Those who were too well bred to swear went better service, is it more flexible, away with pained looks on their faces, and, at nearly every corner in the neighborhood of the easier to the foot, than one parregistration booths, little groups of men gathered to compare notes and debate whether to go You must be the judge-we have the shoe for those who will pay a back again and thrash the registration clerks. The trouble was caused by that section of the ew law which requires that the person desir-

hand-made price. Guaranteed by the maker French ing to register shall make a statement "concalf, strictly hand-work, not to taluing his approximate age, height and weight, the color of his hair, visible marks on the face, change shape, and to fit the natural and other distinguishing deformities of any kind, or peculiarities of voice." This personal description clause was unknown

to most of those who went to register, and voters who had lived and registered and voted for a quarter of a century in one district couldn't understand what difference it made whether they had ears that matched or lived on the second or third floor of the private house given as their residence.

The new law left no choice in the matter to the registration clerks, but required that an entry be made under each of the heads embraced in the personal description column That the clerks found their new duties anything but pleasant was vouched for by a majority of them. It isn't the most agreeable thing in the world to ask a man with a large wart on his nose whether he has any visible deformity. In many cases the clerks simply looked their man over, and, omitting any too personal questions as to evident deformities, jotted down what they were in the official records.

Some of the perplexed citizens treated the questions as a joke, and gave replies that may get them into trouble when the day arrives on which to cast their ballot. For instance, in one of the down-town registration booths a big German, who weighed about 290 pounds, gave his weight as 186 pounds when in condition. As the law requires that the clerk shall enter the reply of each applicant, the German will have to undergo the sweating process or explain where the additional 100 or more pounds came from if he wishes to vote on Nov. 5.

The new law says that the registration officers shall examine each applicant as to thirteen specifications, if so many are deemed necessary. Under the head of residence the person wishing to register must give not only the street and number but also the floor on which he resides and the location of his room, which he front or rear. While undergoing the cross-examination of the election officers some of the voters volunteered information as to the amount of bricabric in their rooms and the design of the paper on the wails. One man ventured the statement that there used to be running water in his room, but that the roumber had not attended to his business properly, and that he had to use an ordinary wash bowl.

Naturalized citizens were required to give not only the date of their papers, but also to designate the court in which their naturalization took place. Many were utterly bewildered by the clerks questions, and showed that they were entirely at sea by the replies as to their height, weight, and the color of their hair and eyes.

One man who had been brought to this conventions the search of the color of their hair and eyes. to register must give not only the street and

were entirely at sea by the replies as to their height, weight, and the color of their hair and eyes.

One man who had been brought to this country in his infancy reported humself as a native of Ireland. The intelligent clerk insisted on having the date of his naturalization papers in order to make the entry under that heading. The man never having taken out any naturalization papers gave the date of those taken out by his father in 1854, when he was a child. Many persons are selzed with sudden nervousness when required to answer the complicated siring of questions while under joath, and much of the information recorded yesterday is at variance with the facts and will be found practically useless. One of the intending voters when asked his height gave an answer that was plainly six inches out of the way. Another, whose eyes were gray, said hazel, and a third, sho took the whole matter as a huge joke, when asked the color of his eyes said that they were generally black on election day.

Another change made by the new law requires that a person who is unable to prepare his bailot without assistance, by reason of physical hability or illiteracy, snail make a statement to that effect while under oath at the time of registry. There were some who, not understanding the new law, having been accustomed to make this statement on election day, neglected to do so yesterday. They will probably discover on Nov. 5 that they are disfranchised. is at present one of the largest stockholders in the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company, being Treasurer of the corporation and manager of the New York branch.

Mr. Keating's political career began while he was still a Pennsylvanian.

He has been in New York politics for fifteen years, but actively only for the past four years, during which time he has been the Grace Democracy Chairman in the Ninth, formerly the Thirteenth, Assembly district. He was prominent in the affairs of the old County Democracy, and was one of the founders of the State Democratic organization. He was very active in the anti-Snapper movement, and was contestant for a seat in the last Democratic State Convention at Syracuse.

franchised.
In general those registering throughout the lity yesterday, while surprised at the unusual questions asked them by the clerks, offered no serious protest. This was almost universally the case in the up-town districts, where it was understood that the clerks were only following the provisions of the new law. In some of the down-town districts, however, and particularly on the east side, some refused to answer all the down-town districts, however, and particularly on the east side, some refused to answer all the questions, and a few offered to take the clerks out on the sidewalk and punch their heads.

At a registering place on Fourth avenue a man with a shock of fiery red hair requested to be registered. He answered the questions as to his residence, age, weight, height, &c., in evident surprise, but when the clerk, without looking up, continued. The color of your halt? he became wildly indignant, and said he hadn't come there to be insuited. When the clerk expiained that the law required that he should ask the question, the man replied that any damn fool could tell what color his heir was without making him brawi it all over the place.

any damn fool could tell what color his hair was without making him braw! It all over the place.

At a booth in Nineteenth street a citizen who was afflicted with a large wart on his nose threatened to break the clerk's head when he saw the latter enter the description of the wart in the registry book.

The registration places opened at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, but the majority of those who registered did not show up until the afternoon. At 83 West Fifty-fourth street, the registering place of many distinguished citizens, one of the first arrivals was Chauncey M. Depew. He had evidently read up on the new law, for he smiled at the cleak and said he had come to be cross-questioned. Mr. Depew is well aw, for he smiled at the cleak and said he had come to be cross-questioned. Mr. Depew is well known, but under the new law it was necessary for him to declare that he was a white man and a native of the United States. In answer to the questions but to him, he said that he lived at 33 West Fifty-fourth street (floor not given), that he was 61 years old, was 5 feet 11% inches tail, and that he weighed 185 pounds. When he noticed the clerk scrutinizing him carefully he volunteered the information that he had no deformity that he knew of unless it were his side whiskers. He remained in the booth for awhile chatting bleasantly with the officials, and said that he was glad he didn't have to sit at a table all day and ask embarassing questions.

John D. Rockefeller was another early comer at the same booth, and answered the questions put to him without hesitation. Ex-Secretary William C. Whitney, who lives in the adjoining district, had not registered at 980 Sixth avenue up to a late hour yesterday.

Commissioner Roceevelt was out bright and early, and was one of the first registered at 54 East Sixty-third street. He was saked the questions put to him without hesitation. Ex-Secretary william C. Whitney who lives in the adjoining darly, and was one of the first registered at 54 East Sixty-third street. He was saked the q should express himself clearly very soon. He had very well-defined ideas on the subject, and he should, when he came out, some out strongly, he said. He added that he should support had very well-defined ideas on the subject, and he should, when he came out, come out strongly, he said. He added that he should support the fusion ticket.

Commissioner Grant had not read the platform either, but he believed in local option, he said. The use of liquor had entered into our social system, and there was a great number of people who did not want to give it up. This condition existed, and it was best to face it. Liquor did great harmani caused trouble, therefore its sale should be regulated, but the people who used it without materiel harm far outnumbered those who were hurt by it. As the communities differed in the proportion of people on either side in them, the people of Grynga should have nothing to say as to whether those of kings should drink liquor, only a voice, as people of one State, as to the regulation of the traffic if Kings people elected to have it carried on in their county. Col. Grant said he had hoped for a straight ticket, but acquiesced in the choice made. Those of the candidates whom he knew he declared to be good men. Police Commissioner Andrews said:

"In regard to the excise plank, I have no reason to alter the views which I have heretofore expressed, namely, that the city should have local option. On these grounds, the platform seems to me a good one. I think the tieget is a strong one."

John P. Madden Nominated for Mayor of LONG ISLAND CITY, Oct. 8.—The Jeffersonian Democracy held their Convention to nominate candidates for city offices at Schuetzen Park this afternoon and evening. Daniel Callahan was Chairman. A communication from George H. Smith, announcing his withdrawal from the

ters.
Mayor Strong did not register yesterday, but Chairman Edward Lauterbach of the Republi-Chairman Edward Lauterbach of the Republi-can County Committee registered shortly be-fore 5 o'clock in the aftermoon at the corner of East Seventy-seventh street and Park arenue. Many of the registration officers told funny stories about various persons who had been sub-jected to their questionings. They said that they did not find it always necessary to ask a one-armed or one-legged man whether he had any visible deformity, but that some of the

CHATHAM SQUARE.

#### he would meet Patrick J. Measure Henry C. debate. The Convention then nominated Henry C. Korfmann for Supervisor, John Ratjen and Frederick Bowley for Aldermen at large, John Bannon for Overseer of the Poor, and Conrad Diestel for Constable. COWPERTHWAIT NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 8. - The Republican Committee of Ascension parish, which represents the sugar Republicans who came over to that party at the last election, met at Donaldsonville

Furniture. . . . . . . . . . Carpets.

EVERYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING.

CASH OR CREDIT.

A WOMAN.

A woman has many pleasures and much to be thankful for; but, alas! she also has many A woman may not be the slave of man, but where her affections are concerned she is devoted to him, and often overtaxes herself thereby.

voted to him, and often overtaxes herself thereby.

A woman will often, without knowing it, commit slow suicide for her children. She will think, tol, and shorten her life in their behalf. Too often they do not appreciate it.

A woman should not allow her color to fade, her cheeks to become sallow, her atrength to be lost. She is designed for attractiveness and happiness.

A woman need not allow any of these things to happen if she will only obey the laws of health and use the best means at her command for preserving it. A woman needs a friend upon whom she can rely, and there is no friend which so surely aids her when she is in need of aid as that great remedy. Warner's Safe Cure.

A woman who has never learned this great truth, or who has falled to avail herself of it, has lest a fine opportunity, and is doubtless less strong and attractive to-day than she deserves to be and might be. to be and might be.

A woman who follows the best hints that can be given her, and who takes advantage of the latest discoveries of science for helping her is certain to live longer, appear more attractive, suffer less, and enjoy more happiness than one who neglects her opportunities.—Adv.

Borges, Carringes, &c.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN TRAPS, VICTORIAS, RUNABOUTS,

Rverything modern on wheels.
Kentucky Break Carts, sole agents,
Largest assortment of Carriages
to be found anywhere.
Also full line of serviceable second-hand
CARRIAGES.
HARNESS AT LOWEST PRICES. VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY.

CARRIAGE REPOSITORY, 131 AND 132 EAST 13TH ST.; 123, 125, 127, 122 EAST 12TH ST.; 10:TWEEN BD AND 4TH AVS. ELEVATORS TO ALL, FLOORS.

# RACE HORSE SALE

OF 1885,

REQUITAL HAZLET PATHULAN, APRIL FOOL,
HIGHMER, LEONAWELL JACK OF SPADES,
KENNEL HICHELD, HAZLETON, ARLATH,
HERESY, DEVOLA, PREDUCAMENT, SC.,
BROOKLYN RACE TRACK,
ON

Saturday, Oct. 12, at 11:30 A. M. WM. EASTON, AUCTIONEER.
Omee: 1.120 Broadway.
A.-THE NEW YORK COACH HORSE AND COB

COMPANY now have on show over 100 head of the highest class coach and carriage horses ever offered for sale in this city, consisting of four-in-hands, tandems, matched and cross-matched pairs, single horses, saddle horses, and roadsters. All the lot are tho saddle horses, and roadsters. All the lot are thoroughly broken to all harness, have beautiful mouths and manners, and are acclimated and ready for lowedlate and hard work. Among this superb columned are many prize winners of the late show and mann are many prize winners of the late show and show in the country of the late of th

offered for sale in New York.

Tolephone, 97 Columbins.

255 West 0wth st.

A TIENTION. HORSEMEN.—Gentleman would like
to purchase trotter tabut 2 20., for private driving: must be good anow horse. Address, with particulars, ROB ROY, box 148, Sun office.

questions gave them considerable trouble. Hald-headed men blushed and stammered when asked the color of their hair, and one elderly person, whose pate was as shiny as a front-door blate, threatened to apply to Commissioner Roosevelt for redress at the imagined insults heaped upon him. Another reported his hair as formerly kray.

threatened to apply to Commissioner Roosevett for redress at the imagined insults heaped upon him. Another reported his hair as formerly gray.

Most of the more amusing incidents took place on the east side, where the peculiarities of voice and appearance were more numerous. A man went to a registration booth on the Bowery late in the afternoon whose hair was brick-colored, while his now leaned perceptibly toward one side, and there was a large wart under one ear. He showed considerable irritation in answering the preliminary questions, and the clerks, being in a facetious mood, were more than whiling to have fun with him.

When the "personal description" was reached one of them remarked "red hair," another said "crooked nose," and the third added: "fail-grown wart." The brick-colored hair began to bristle as the man saw these comments jotted down in the books.

"See here," shouted he, dancing up toward the table, "maybe I ain't no beaut', but I ain't in the livin' pictur' business, anyway. I'm a Murrican cilizen, an'I didn't come in here to take no guff from a lot of jays. Write that down in your book if you want to," and the man with the brick-colored hair departed in high dudgeon.

In several instances quarrelsome persons, who preferred to fight rather than answer the questions required by law, were expelled from the Twenty-first Assembly district, which embraces all of Central Park from the transverse road at Seventy-ninth street to 110th street, and is one of the largest election districts of the Twenty-first Assembly district, which embraces all of Central Park from the transverse road at Seventy-ninth street to 110th street, and is one of the largest election districts, there was not a single name registered yesterday. Last year there were only four voters in the district, all of whom were gardeners employed in the Park. This year, however, it is rumored that two waiters have taken up their residences in McGown's Pass Tavern, but whether they are allens or naturalized citizens of the United States is not

Chairman John E. Hodges of the Board of Election inspectors, who will preside over the registration and election in the district, said that he will challenge any applicant who in any way resembles a foreigner, unless full papers of way resembles a foreigner, unless full papers of naturalization are produced.

The Bureau of Election was a busy place all day yesterday. A number of vacancies were reported among inspectors of election, and substitutes were suppointed from a list of applicants who were at Headquarters on Monday and qualified as to their fitness to perform the duties of an election officer. The Police Commissioners were in session during the morning, and appointed men to fill the vacancies that were reported. The Chief of the Election Bureau swore in the substitutes.

reported. The Chief of the Election Bureau swore in the substitutes. Many of the foreign-born voters of the newly annexed district had trouble yesterday when, for the first time, they tried to register in the city. They had always been accustomed to register on their faces, so to speak. A man would say he was John Murphy.

He was known personally, and his claim to vote was not questioned. Yesterday many neglected to bring their naturalization papers, and so couldn't prove who they were or how old they were. There was in consequence a marked failing off in the registration.

CITY REGISTRATION, 89,107.

Light as Compared with Last Year, but Nearly as Big as to 1892. The registration in this city yesterday was as follows, the total being compared with the otals of preceding years:

I wenty etanth I wenty etanth I wenty minih I hirtleth I hirtly first dety third. Therty fourth. Tourty ofth Annexed district. Totals. auto7 lucate sappa prosa

BONDSS PRODUR BINGST Montgomery County Democrats United.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 8. The Democrats of Montgomery county in their Nominating Convention at Fonda this afternoon nominated the follow-ing ticket: Assemblyman, Frederick Aschoff, of Amsterdam; District Attorney, N. J. Herrick of Canajoharie: Overseer of the Poor. Henry Lohmver of Amsterdam; Coroner, Dr. Douglass Ayres of Fort Plain. The Convention was made up of both political factions, and there is now a united Democracy in Montgom-ery county. Resolutions were adopted endorsa-ing the State ficket, also Judge Henry V. Horst, the nominee for Senator in the Twenty-seventh district.

Syracuse Bemorrats Name McGuire for Mayor.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 8. At the Democratic City

TAMMANY SLATE MAKING.

PURTUER DEALING WITH THE LEADERS OF THE GAROOS. omsen's Counsel, MacLean, May Get a

Pince on the Ticket-Hohmer Sees Ot-tendorfer - O'Brientics May Come In. Seldom in the recent history of Tammany Hall has there been such a pulling and hauling of leaders and incertitude as to slates on the day preceding a County Convention as was manifest at the wigwam yesterday. The placing in the field of the opposition ticket settled the question, "What have we got to beat?" but every one of the many candidates for nomination had concluded that he was just the man and the only man to beat anybody with. The consequence was that all who were not prevented by the character of the place they sought from doing so, appeared to put in their claim for consideration, and those who could not make a personal appeal sent their friends to Mr. Sheehan to plead for them. One thing which was determined long ago by

the Tammany leaders was that it would be a very wise thing to secure the vote of German-American voters who had been alienated from the Democracy by the reform movement last fall. Negotiations looking to an arrangement with the Garoos had been in progress for some time, but nothing tangible had come of them. It was decided vesterday by the Tammany

leaders, however, that other efforts looking to the same end must be made. At first it was proposed to sacrifice William Sohmer, who has been stated as the candidate for Register for a long time, and to put a German-American Reform Union man in his place. It was learned yesterday, though, that it would not be necessary for Mr. Sohmer to step aside. In fact, Mr. Sohmer was sent himself to represent John C. Sheeban in negotiations with Oswald Otten-dorfer and Mr. Ottendorfer's partner, Herman Ridder. Mr. Sohmer said that he saw Mr. Ottendorfer

merely in his own behalf as a probable candi-date for Register. He did not say the same thing of his visit to Mr. Ridder. Mr. Ottendorfer runs a newspaper, but Mr. Ridder is credited with running the German-American Organization, and it is the support of that organization, which is specially desired. It was said yesterday that ex-Police Commissioner Charles F. MacLean might be nominated

for Justice of the Supreme Court and Internal Revenue Collector Edward Grosse for Judge of the Court of General Sessions. MacLean is not the Court of General Sessions. MacLean is not a German name, but the bearer of that name is the counsel of Mr. Oftendorfer and Sheriff Tamsen. Mayor Hewitt in 1888 appointed him Police Commissioner as a Tammany Hall man, and the Tammany leaders were discussing yesterday the advisability of nominating him as a Garco.

Garoo.

It was suggested that if MacLean and Grosse were both named to get the German vate it would be too much of a German ticket, which would have on it the names of William Sohmer for Register and John P. Schuckman for Justice of the City Court, and the talk about naming Grosse was presently dropped. When the leaders left the Wigwam last evening to attend their Senate district conventions, however, the proposition to nominate Mr. MacLean for Supreme Court Justice was still under serious consideration.

On the assumption that it might be Post-

preme Court Justice was still under serious consideration.

On the assumption that it might be Postmaster Dayton who would have to retire from the ticket io make room for MacLean, a number of Mr. Dayton's friends got together down town resterday and decided to make a fight for him in the Convention, and try to break any slate which did not have his name on it. No one suggested that ex-Recorder Smyth's name be dropped, but there was a proposition to set ex-Judge Charles H. Truax aside. This elicited the information that the wrath of all the present Justices of the Supreme Court would be visited on the organization if any such thing should be done.

Mr. Ridder had another long conference with a Tammacy Hall leader last night at an up-town club. What the outcome of it was could not be learned. If matters were arranged favorably at this conference it is expected that Mr. MacLean will be one of the Tammany nominees for Supreme Court Justice. Should Mr. MacLean's nomination be decided on, it was said last night, this is likely to be the Tammany slate:

this is likely to be the Tammany slate:
For County Ckrk-Henry D. Purroy.
For Register-William Sohmer.
For Justices of the Supreme Court-Frederick
for Justices of the Supreme Court-Frederick
flavour Charles H. Truax or Charles W. Dayton, and
Charles F. Maclean.
For Justices of the Court of General Sessions-Joseph
E. Newburger and Gen. Martin T. McMahon.
For Justices of the City Court-Robert A. Van Wyck,
Edward F. O'Dwyer, and John P. Schuchman.

For Justices of the City Court—Robert A. Van Wyck, Edward F. O'Dwyer, and John P. Schuchman.

Among the visitors at the Wigwam yesterday were Andrew J. Carson and two or three other former followers of ex-Sheriff O'Brien, who assured Mr. Sheehan that the anti-Tammany Democracy would support the Tammany tickes under certain conditions not revealed. After they had gone Mr. Sheehan said that the support of the major portion of the ex-Sheriff's organization could be relied on.

Other visitors were a delegation composed of John Frederick. Herman Sulzer, and ex-Alderman Charles J. Smith, representing the Liberal Sunday League, who demanded that Tammany indorse Otto Kempner, their candidate for Sensito in the Eleventh district. They were told by Mr. Sheehan that Timothy D. Sullivan was to be nominated there, and that the organization might consent to nominate Kempner for Assemblyman in the Tenth district. The committee were not satisfied with this proposition and withdrew.

Registration in Brooklyn.

tion of voters in Brooklyn, and the total enroll-ment numbered 60,586. The result of the first day's registration should prove in every way satisfactory to the Democrats, as without a single exception the wards which they contro make as good a showing as in any of the past five or six years.

This table gives the registration yesterday and for the corresponding day in 1834, 1893, and 1892:

This was the lowest first day's registration in several years, falling 15,500 belowiast years, 1.782 below 1893, and 7,147 below 1892.

No figures are given for the Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, and Thirty-first wards in the years 1892 and 1893, because in those years these wards were country towns.

Wedne-day, Oct. 16 will be the second day for registration in Brooklyn.

Nominations in New Jersey. NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 8 .- The Republiean County Convention here to-day renominsted A. H. Slover of South Amboy, E. W. Hicks of New Brunswick, and George H. Tice of Perth Amboy for the Assembly.

EGG HARBOY CITY, N. J., Oct. 8.—The Atlantic County Democratic Convention to-day nominated C. F. Osgood of this city for Senator, and John C. Reed of Atlantic City for the Assembly.

Westehester Republicans Nominate. WHITE PLAINS, Oct. 8 .- The Republican County Convention, held here to-day at St. John's Hall, nominated for County Judge, Smith Lent of Sing Sing: County Clerk, Leavitt M. Crumm of Peckakili; Register, Thomas R. Hodge of Mount Vernon: District Attorney, George R. Andrewsof Tarrytown; Superintend-ent of the Poor, Henry Esser of Mount Vernon.

Chemung County Republicans. ELMIRA, Oct. 8. At the Republican County Convention to-day Thomas A. Paget was nominated for Assembly, Charles H. Knipp for Dis-trict Attorney, and Win. Vanduser for Superin-tendent of the Poor.



"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

Supplied under Royal Warrants to Her Majesty the Queen of England, and to His Royal Highness the Prince